

$$L = 50 \text{ mH}$$

$$i = 120 \text{ mA} \quad t < 0$$

$$i = A_1 e^{-500t} + A_2 e^{-2000t} \quad t \geq 0$$

$$V_L(0) = 3 \text{ V}$$

a) find V_L for $t > 0$

$$i_L(0) = 0.12 = A_1 + A_2 \quad (1)$$

$$V_L = L \frac{di_L}{dt} = (0.05) [-500A_1 e^{-500t} - 2000A_2 e^{-2000t}] = 3 \quad @ \quad t = 0$$

$$(0.05)(-500A_1 - 2000A_2) = 3 \quad (2)$$

Solving (1) + (2) :

$$A_1 = 0.2$$

$$A_2 = -0.08$$

$$V_L = -5e^{-500t} + 8e^{-2000t} \text{ Volts}$$

b) find t when power = 0

$$P_L = V_L I_L = \text{zero when } V_L = 0 \text{ or } i_L = 0$$

$$V_L = 0 \text{ when } 5e^{-500t} = 8e^{-2000t} \Rightarrow t = 313.3 \mu\text{s}$$

$$I_L = 0 \text{ when } .2e^{-500t} = .08e^{-2000t} \text{ or } t = -611 \mu\text{s}$$

Choose $t = 313.3 \mu\text{s}$

The current in an inductor ($L = 50\text{mH}$) is

$$i = 120\text{mA} \quad t \leq 0$$

$$i = A_1 e^{-500t} + A_2 e^{-2000t} \text{ A} \quad t \geq 0$$

$$V_L(0) = -10\text{V}$$

a) Find i_L and V_L for $t \geq 0$

$$\textcircled{1} \quad i_L(0) = 120\text{mA} = A_1 + A_2$$

$$V_L = L \frac{di}{dt} = (0.05)(-500 A_1 e^{-500t}) + A_2 (-2000) e^{-2000t}$$

$$\textcircled{2} \quad V_L(0) = -10 = -25A_1 - 100A_2$$

$$A_1 = -0.8$$

$$A_2 = 0.20$$

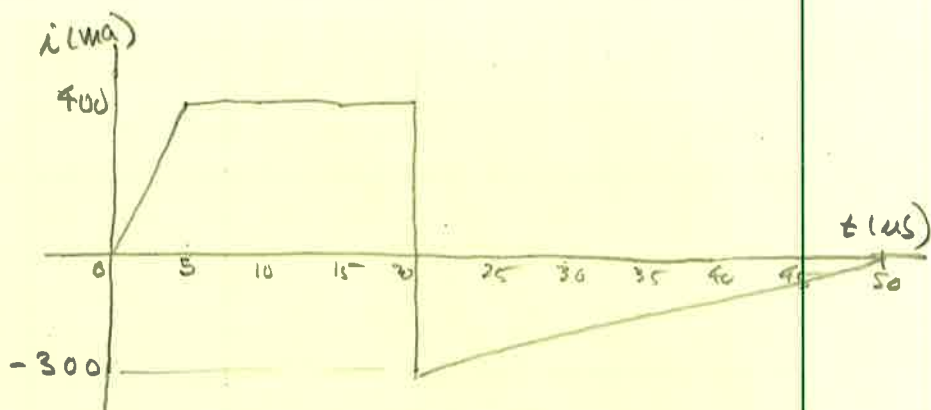
$$i_L = -0.8 e^{-500t} + 0.20 e^{-2000t} \text{ A}$$

$$V_L = 2 e^{-500t} - 20 e^{-2000t} \text{ V}$$

b) Specify the time intervals when the inductor is storing energy and when it is delivering energy.

inductor stores energy when power > 0
 " delivers " " " " < 0

The current is applied to a $0.25 \mu\text{F}$ capacitor with $V_0 = 0$



a) Find Charge @ $t = 15 \mu\text{s}$

$$0 \leq t \leq 5 \mu\text{s}; i = \frac{400 \text{ mA}}{5 \mu\text{s}} t = 80 \times 10^3 t$$

$$5 \leq t \leq 20 \mu\text{s}$$

$$i = 400 \text{ mA}$$

$$20 \leq t \leq 50 \mu\text{s}$$

$$i = \frac{300 \text{ mA}}{30 \mu\text{s}} t - 0.5$$

$$q = \int i dt$$

$$q(15 \mu\text{s}) = \int_0^{5 \mu\text{s}} 80 \times 10^3 t dt + \int_{5 \mu\text{s}}^{15 \mu\text{s}} .4 dt$$

$$= 1 \mu\text{C} + 4 \mu\text{C}$$

$$q(15 \mu\text{s}) = 5 \mu\text{C}$$

b) Find V_{cap} @ $t = 30 \mu\text{s}$

$$V = \frac{1}{C} \int i dt$$

$$V = 4 \times 10^6 \left[\int_0^{5 \mu\text{s}} 80 \times 10^3 t dt + \int_{5 \mu\text{s}}^{15 \mu\text{s}} .4 dt + \int_{20 \mu\text{s}}^{30 \mu\text{s}} (10^4 t - .5) dt \right]$$

$$V(30 \mu\text{s}) = 18 \text{ V}$$

c) Find energy stored in Cap.

$$V(50 \mu\text{s}) = 10 \text{ V}$$

$$W = \frac{1}{2} C V^2 = 12.5 \mu\text{J}$$